

# Quadratic forms on rings and the homotopy limit problem

2021-07-09

Hermitian K-theory: Witt, Karasch, Karasch, Ranicki, Weiss, Waldman, Wall, Schlichting, Spitzweck, Lurie, Bökland

**Mini** B. Glimmer, E. Dotto, Y. Haynes, F. Hebestreit, M. Land, K. Morikawa, N. T. Nikolaus, W. Steinkamp

## Graded Modular string

R ring, Proj R = category of f.g. proj. R-modules

$K_0(R) = \{ \text{isoclasses of elements of Proj } R, \oplus \}^{\text{gr}}$

- R local  $K_0(R) \cong \mathbb{Z}$
- R Dedekind domain  $K_0(R) \cong \mathbb{Z} \oplus \text{Pic}(R)$

Def: R commutative, a symmetric bilinear form is a pair  $(P, b)$ ,  $P \in \text{Proj } R$   
 $b \in \text{Hom}_R(P \otimes_R P, R)^{\oplus 2}$ , i.e.  $b: P \times P \rightarrow R$  R-bilinear s.t.  $b(x, y) = b(y, x)$ .

$(P, b)$  unimodular if the induced map  $P \rightarrow P^\vee$  ( $x \mapsto b(x, -)$ ) is an isomorphism.

An isomorphism of sym. bilinear forms, is an iso in Proj R sending  $b$  to  $b'$

$GW_0^{\text{gr}}(R) = \{ \text{isoclasses of unimodular symm. bilinear forms, } \oplus \}^{\text{gr}}$

Ex:  $u \in R^x$ ,  $\langle u \rangle = (R, b_u)$   $b_u(x, y) = uxy$ .  $\langle b \oplus b' \rangle(x, y) = b(x, y) + b'(x, y)$

- R local  $GW_0^{\text{gr}}(R)$  is generated by elements of the form  $\langle u \rangle$ ,  $u \in R^x$ .
- F finite field  $GW_0^{\text{gr}}(F) \cong \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/2$  ( $\cong \mathbb{Z} \times F^\times/2$ ) char  $F \neq 2$
- F prof. field char 2  $GW_0^{\text{gr}}(F) \cong \mathbb{Z}$
- $GW_0^{\text{gr}}(\mathbb{R}) \cong \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$  (alt,  $\frac{\text{alt} - \text{sign}}{2}$ ) (Sylvester's thm)
- $GW_0^{\text{gr}}(\mathbb{Z}) \cong GW_0^{\text{gr}}(\mathbb{R})$

We have important maps  $GW_0^{\text{gr}} \xrightarrow{\text{forget}} K_0$  forgets the form

$$K_0 \xrightarrow{\text{hyper}} GW_0^{\text{gr}}$$

$$\text{finite group } P \mapsto (P \oplus P^\vee, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}) \quad b(x, y; x', y') = yx' + y'x$$

$$\text{of rank } 2 \quad C_2 \curvearrowright K_0 \quad P \mapsto P^\vee$$

Q1: What's the difference between  $GW_0^{\text{gr}}$  and  $K_0^{C_2}$ ? (Baby homotopy limit problem)

Def: A quadratic form is a pair  $(P, q)$   $P \in \text{Proj } R$ ,  $q: P \rightarrow R$  s.t.

- $q(\alpha x) = \alpha^2 q(x)$
- $b_q(x, y) := q(x+y) - q(x) - q(y)$  is symmetric bilinear

Exercise: Quadratic forms on P  $\xleftrightarrow{\text{isom}} \text{Hom}_R(P \otimes_R P, R)_{C_2}$

$$x \mapsto b(x, x) \quad \longleftarrow \quad b$$

Def: q is unimodular iff  $b_q$  is.

$GW_0^{\text{qu}}(R) = \{ \text{unimodular quadratic forms} \}^{\text{gr}}$

One can do anisymm, hermitian (if R has an involution), (-1)-quadratic, alternating, even, ...

Def: A form functor on R is a functor

$$q: \text{Proj } R \rightarrow \text{Ab}$$

- $q(0) = 0$
- $q(P \oplus Q) \cong q(P) \oplus q(Q) \oplus B_p(P, Q)$

$$B_p(P, Q) = \text{Hom}_R(P, DQ) \text{ for } D: \text{Proj } R \rightarrow \text{Proj } R \text{ duality}$$

$$B_p(P, Q) \cong B_p(Q, P) \Rightarrow \eta: 1 \cong D \circ D^p$$

Ex:  $q(P) = \text{stabilizer group of } \begin{cases} \text{sym bil forms on } P \\ \text{quadratic forms} \\ \text{anisymm bil forms} \end{cases}$  same duality

$$q(P) \xrightarrow{D^*} q(P \oplus P) \cong q(P) \oplus q(P) \oplus \text{Hom}(P, DP) \rightarrow \text{Hom}(P, DP)$$

$$q \xrightarrow{\quad} q_{\text{st}}: P \rightarrow DP$$

Def:  $q \in q(P)$  unimodular,  $q_{\text{st}}$  is an isom.

$GW_0(R, q) = \{ q\text{-quad forms} \}^{\text{gr}}$

Ex:  $GW_0^{\text{qu}}(\mathbb{Z}) \hookrightarrow GW_0^{\text{gr}}(\mathbb{Z}) \cong \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$  sign = 0 (8)

Space =  $\infty$ -cat. of spaces,  $\infty$ -cat. of anima/animae

objects: homotopy types,  $\forall X, Y \in \text{Space}$   $\text{Map}(X, Y)$  homotopy type "mapping space"

$[K, \text{Map}(X, Y)]$  "functor  $K \times X \rightarrow Y$  up to htyg."

Ypd  $\rightarrow$  Space

$$\mathcal{X} \mapsto \coprod_x \text{BAut}_{\mathcal{X}}(x) = |\mathcal{X}|$$

"Embedding is fully faithful"  $\text{Map}(|\mathcal{X}|, |\mathcal{Y}|) \cong |\text{Fun}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{Y})|$

(essential image are htyg types  $X$  w/  $\pi_i X = 0 \forall i > 1$ , i.e. 1-types)

In Space there's a good notion of comm. monoids, & stabilizer groups which are called  $E_{\infty}$ -groups &  $E_0$ -groups respectively,  $E_{\infty}$ -gro  $\subseteq E_0$ -gro has a left adjoint  $X \mapsto X^{\text{gr}}$ .

Ypd  $\rightarrow$  Space respects this structure, i.e. it sends symmetric monoidal groupoids to  $E_{\infty}$ -gro.

$$K(R) := (\coprod \text{Proj } R)^{\text{gr}} \quad GW(R, q) = (\text{gp of unimod } q\text{-quad. forms})^{\text{gr}}$$

groupoid of f.g. R-modules

$(-)^{\text{gr}}$  preserves discrete objects, but not 1-types

Just by functoriality we get  $GW(R, q) \xrightarrow{\text{forget}} K(R)$ ,  $K(R) \xrightarrow{\text{hyper}} GW(R, q)$

& a  $C_2$ -action  $C_2 \curvearrowright K(R, q)$

Q:  $GW(R, q^{\text{gr}}) \cong K(R, q)^{hC_2}$  after 2-completn? (Homotopy limit problem)

A: True: whenever  $\text{vcd}_2(R) := \sup \{ \text{cd}_2(K(P)[F]) \mid p \in \text{Spec } R \} < \infty$

$\dim R < \infty$

$\frac{1}{2} \in R$

(Hu-Kris-Omnady R field, Karasch-Schlichting-Pström)

- True for perfect fields of characteristic 2 (H9, HKT3)
- True for orders in global fields of char  $\neq 2$  (H9, HKT3)
- True for fields F of char 2 s.t.  $[F:F^2] < \infty$  (N., unpublished)
- True for orders in all global fields (N., unpublished)

$$R \text{ non dyadic hens. local ring } \quad GW(R)_2 \cong GW(k)_2^{\wedge}, \quad K(R)_2 \cong K(k)_2^{\wedge}$$

Böhm, Karasch

You can assemble other unpublished results by various combinations of H9, J. Shih, I. Patchkoria, ... to get more cases: perfect  $\mathbb{F}_2$ -algebras.

You can use these results to completely compute  $GW_*^{\text{gr}}(F)$  F field of char 2

$$\pi_n GW_*^{\text{gr}}(F) = \begin{cases} 0 & n \text{ odd} \\ K_n(F) \times \frac{I(F)^n}{K_n(F)_2} & n \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

$$K_{n+2} \rightarrow GW \rightarrow L$$

$$|\text{Col}_d| \rightarrow |\text{Col}_d(R)| \cong \Omega^{\infty+1} GW^{\text{gr}}(R)$$

## Homotopy limit problem

Fields: matrix methods (matrix ss for K-thy: Bloch-Kato + ...)

Fields  $\leadsto$  henselian local rings: trace methods (  $GW^{\text{gr}}(R) \rightarrow GW^{\text{gr}}(R) \rightarrow TC(R)$  )

+ perfect methods Haynes - Nikolaus - Shih (Dotto, Patchkoria, Morikawa, Pridot)

henselian local  $\leadsto$  global: descent argument (H9, Colas - Haynes - Ni, Schlichting ( $\frac{1}{2} \in R$ ))